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**Third Semester B.E. Degree Examination, June/July 2014**

**Advanced Mathematics – I**

Time: 3 hrs.

Max. Marks:100

**Note: Answer any FIVE full questions**

- 1 a. Find the modulus and amplitude of  $\frac{5+3i}{4-2i}$  (06 Marks)
- b. Prove that  $(1+i)^n + (1-i)^n = 2^{\frac{n}{2}+1} \cos \frac{n\pi}{4}$  (07 Marks)
- c. Prove that  $\left(\frac{\cos\theta + i \sin\theta}{\sin\theta + i \cos\theta}\right)^4 = \cos 8\theta + i \sin 8\theta$  (07 Marks)
- 2 a. Obtain the  $n^{\text{th}}$  derivative of  $e^{ax} \sin(bx + c)$  (06 Marks)
- b. Find the  $n^{\text{th}}$  derivative of  $\frac{x+3}{(x-1)(x+2)}$  (07 Marks)
- c. If  $y = a \cos(\log x) + b \sin(\log x)$ , then prove that  $x^2 y_{n+2} + (2n+1)xy_{n+1} + (n^2+1)y_n = 0$  (07 Marks)
- 3 a. Find the angle of intersection of the curves  $r = \sin\theta + \cos\theta$ ,  $r = 2 \sin\theta$ . (06 Marks)
- b. Find the pedal equation of the curve  $r^n = a^n \cos n\theta$ . (07 Marks)
- c. Using Maclaurin's series expand  $\log(1 + \sin x)$  upto the term containing  $x^4$ . (07 Marks)
- 4 a. If  $z = \frac{x^2 + y^2}{x + y}$ , then show that  $\left(\frac{\partial z}{\partial x} - \frac{\partial z}{\partial y}\right)^2 = 4\left(1 - \frac{\partial z}{\partial x} - \frac{\partial z}{\partial y}\right)$  (07 Marks)
- b. If  $u = \sin^{-1}\left(\frac{x^2 + y^2}{x + y}\right)$ , then prove that  $x \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} + y \frac{\partial u}{\partial y} = \tan u$ . (06 Marks)
- c. If  $u = x + 3y^2 - z^3$ ,  $v = 4x^2yz$ ,  $w = 2z^2 - xy$ , evaluate  $\frac{\partial(u, v, w)}{\partial(x, y, z)}$  at  $(1, -1, 0)$ . (07 Marks)
- 5 a. Obtain the reduction formula for  $I_n = \int_0^{\pi/2} \sin^n x \, dx$  (06 Marks)
- b. Evaluate  $\int_0^{\pi} \int_{2 \sin\theta}^{4 \sin\theta} r^3 \, dr \, d\theta$  (07 Marks)
- c. Evaluate  $\int_{-1}^1 \int_0^z \int_{x-z}^{x+z} (x+y+z) \, dx \, dy \, dz$  (07 Marks)



- 6** a. With usual notations, prove that
- $$\beta(m, n) = \frac{\Gamma(m) \Gamma(n)}{\Gamma(m+n)} \quad \text{(06 Marks)}$$
- b. Show that  $\int_0^{\pi/2} \sqrt{\sin \theta} \, d\theta \times \int_0^{\pi/2} \frac{d\theta}{\sqrt{\sin \theta}} = \pi$  (07 Marks)
- c. Prove that  $\beta(m, \frac{1}{2}) = 2^{2m-1} \beta(m, m)$  (07 Marks)
- 7** a. Solve  $\frac{dy}{dx} = (4x + y + 1)^2$ , if  $y(0) = 1$ . (06 Marks)
- b. Solve  $(x+1)\frac{dy}{dx} - y = e^{3x}(x+1)^2$  (07 Marks)
- c. Solve  $\left\{ y\left(1 + \frac{1}{x}\right) + \cos y \right\} dx + (x + \log x - x \sin y) dy = 0$  (07 Marks)
- 8** a. Solve:  $(D^3 + D^2 + 4D + 4)y = 0$  (06 Marks)
- b. Solve:  $(D^2 - 5D + 1)y = 1 + x^2$  (07 Marks)
- c. Solve:  $\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} - 2\frac{dy}{dx} + 5y = e^{2x} \sin x$  (07 Marks)

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